Revenue Administration—Phase V program and RBM Logical Framework

Revenue Policy and Administration

Objective: Broader-based and more efficient revenue systems

2.1 Strengthened revenue administration management and governance arrangements adopted and institutionalized Main **Outcomes (expected** Synergies with other **Comments Including Risk Factors** Member Countries¹³ **Verifiable indicators** Partners in **PFTAC CD Areas Promoting/Delaying Progress** results) CD (1) Strategic plan and annual business Fiji, Marshall Islands, DFAT (1) Risk - Government and Macroeconomics. Reform strategy and plans prepared and adopted. Federated States of PFM and Statistics management commitment to implementation (2) Multi-year reform Micronesia, Palau, reforms (2) Some countries have progressed governance framework implementation plan, with Tuvalu, Vanuatu, adopted and supporting resource plan, adopted Kiribati, Tonga and and at an early stage of introducing institutionalized. and well communicated. (3) Reform Nauru KPIs with more support needed management capacity in place for (3) More emphasis in being placed reform implementation, including on reform plans with some countries dedicated resources. taking the first steps (4) key performance indicators established, regularly reported and monitored

¹³ Note: not all countries are expected to receive direct TA. Those countries who do not receive direct TA will receive indirect TA through regional initiatives, training workshops and direct contact with the resident advisor.

2.1 Strengthened revenue administration management and governance arrangements adopted and institutionalized Main **Outcomes (expected** Synergies with other **Comments Including Risk Factors** Verifiable indicators **Member Countries** Partners in results) **PFTAC CD Areas Promoting/Delaying Progress** CD Fiji, Marshall Islands, DFAT (1)Appropriate institutional settings Macroeconomics. (1) Risk - Government and Organizational Federated States of **PFM** and Statistics are in place. management commitment to arrangements enable (2) Clear organizational structure Micronesia, Palau, reforms more effective delivery of along functional lines and/or Tuvalu, Vanuatu, (2) Progress made in this area with strategy and reforms. taxpayer segments established and Kiribati, Tonga and additional TA to follow operating. Nauru (3) Clear separation of roles and responsibilities between HQ (definition of standard operating procedures, planning and monitoring) and local branches (execution) adopted. Corporate priorities and (1) External oversight bodies are in No TA planned for compliance are better place. this area (2) Structure risk assessment managed through effective risk framework and programs to mitigate management risk are in place. Support functions enable Improved human resources strategies Marshall Islands, more effective delivery of Federated States of and practices support the tax strategy and reform administration Improved ICT Micronesia and strategies and systems support the Nauru, Palau tax administration. Tax administration Tax procedures code is in place, Tax administration procedures are procedures are legally widely communicated, and generally in place. Additional established effectively applied requests for assistance in this area, possible at the end of Phase V, will be channeled through the Tax Policy

Division.

Strengthened core tax functions evidenced by an accurate taxpayer base, taxpayer services supporting voluntary compliance, improvements in filing, payment and audit activities.

Outcomes (expected results)	Verifiable indicators	Member Countries	Main Partners in CD	Synergies with other PFTAC CD Areas	Comments Including Risk Factors Promoting/Delaying Progress
Integrity of the registered taxpayer base strengthened	(1) Accurate and reliable taxpayer information held in centralized database (2) Knowledge of taxpayer base and potential taxpayers improves through robust taxpayer registration policies and procedures	Fiji, Kiribati, Marshall Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, Nauru, Palau, Samoa, Tonga, Tuvalu and Vanuatu	DFAT	Macroeconomics, PFM and Statistics	(1) Risk - Government and management commitment to reforms(2) PFTAC TA currently assisting PICs to sharpen operations in this area. Some progress made with more TA to be delivered.
Larger proportion of taxpayers meet their filing obligations as required by law	(1) On-time filing ratio improves over time (2) Management of filing compliance improves over time	Fiji, Kiribati, Marshall Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, Nauru, Palau, Samoa, Tonga, Tuvalu and Vanuatu	DFAT	Macroeconomics, PFM and Statistics	(1) Risk - Government and management commitment to reforms (2) Currently being addressed through PFTAC TA geared towards assisting PICS develop risk based compliance improvement strategies
Larger proportion of taxpayers meet their payment obligations as required by law	(1) On-time payment ratio improves over time.(2) Management of refunds improves over time.(3) Management of tax arrears improves over time	Fiji, Kiribati, Marshall Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, Nauru, Palau, Samoa, Tonga, Tuvalu and Vanuatu	DFAT	Macroeconomics, PFM and Statistics	 (1) Risk - Government and management commitment to reforms (2) Currently being addressed through PFTAC TA geared towards assisting PICS develop risk based compliance improvement strategies

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Outcomes (expected results)	Verifiable indicators	Member Countries	Main Partners in CD	Synergies with other PFTAC CD Areas	Comments Including Risk Factors Promoting/Delaying Progress
Taxpayer services initiatives to support voluntary compliance strengthened	(1) Scope, currency and accessibility of information for taxpayers improves over time. (2) Service delivery standards in place and routinely monitored, and performance against standards improves over time. (3) Taxpayer perceptions of services monitored and improve over time	Fiji, Kiribati, Marshall Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, Nauru, Palau, Samoa, Tonga, Tuvalu and Vanuatu	DFAT		(1) Risk - Government and management commitment to reforms (2) Currently being addressed through PFTAC TA geared towards assisting PICS develop risk based compliance improvement strategies
Audit and other verification programs more effectively ensure completeness and accuracy of reporting	 (1) Appropriate range of tax audits and other initiatives used to detect and deter inaccurate reporting and fraud. (2) Automated cross checking used to verify return information. (3) Sound methodologies used to monitor the extent of inaccurate reporting and tax gaps 	Fiji, Kiribati, Marshall Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, Nauru, Palau, Samoa, Tonga, Tuvalu and Vanuatu	DFAT	PFM	(1) Risk - Government and management commitment to reforms.(2) Currently being addressed through PFTAC TA geared towards assisting PICS develop risk based compliance improvement strategies