The Importance of Fiscal Transparency

PFM Panel Session
PFTAC Steering Committee
27 March 2018

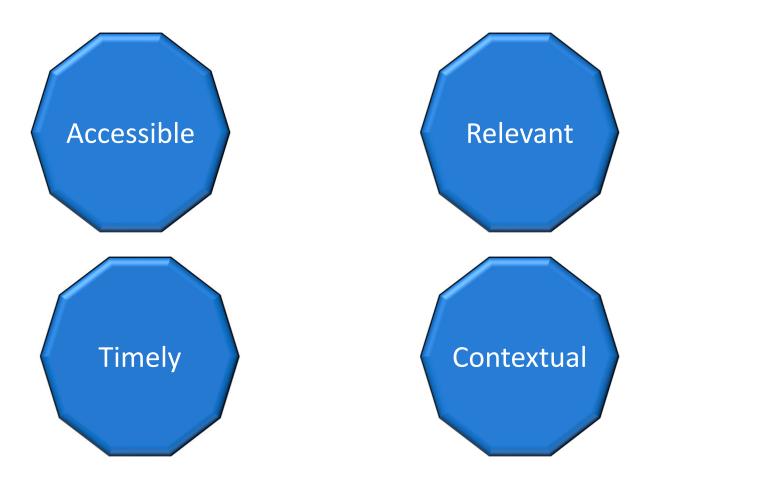
What do we mean about fiscal transparency?

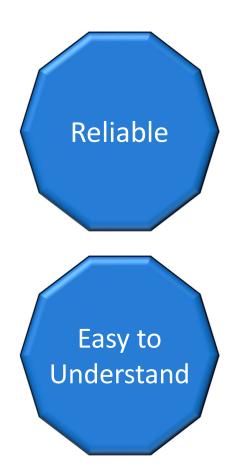
- Openness about the state of public finances, past, present and future.
- Ensuring information is accessible, relevant, timely, contextual, reliable, and understandable.
- It moves beyond just publishing the budget document.

What is fiscal transparency important?

- It is critical for effective fiscal management and accountability.
- Assists in ensuring Governments' economic decisions are informed by a shared and accurate assessment of the current fiscal position

Six Key Features Fiscal Transparency?





What are examples of lack of transparency

Publishing only partial information

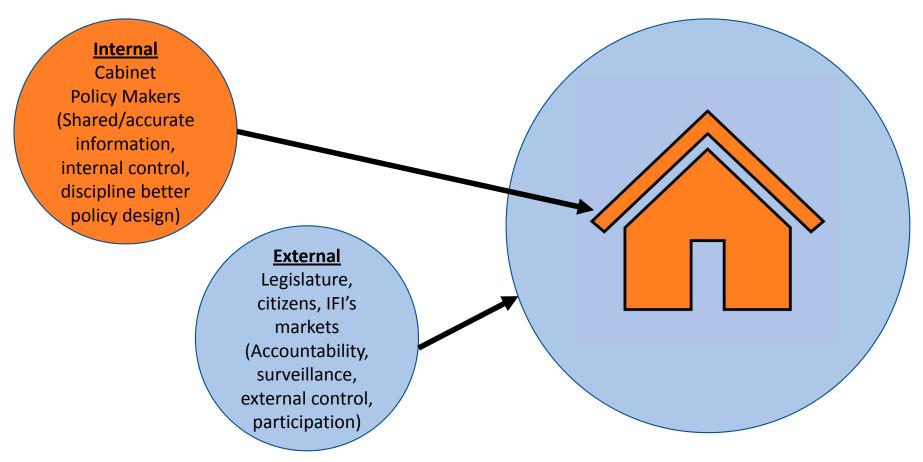
Publishing difficult to understand information

Exploiting weaknesses in accounting rules

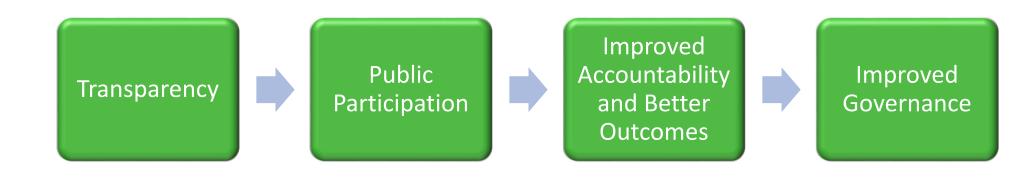
- No information on off budget government entities
- Only aggregated data
- Without summary tables or explanatory text.
- Not posted on the internet

 Selling assets and treating the proceeds as revenue.

Dimensions of Transparency



Fiscal Transparency - The path to better governance



Poor Transparency Leads to Problems

• There are some key transparency problems, these usually arise because of a weakness in the standards being applied.

Poor Practice which may be experienced

Leads to the

Problem Being Experienced

Solution to the problem, overcoming the initial poor practice

Five Common Issues

Infrequent Fiscal Reporting

Revisions to Deficits

Monthly Operational fiscal reports

Exclusive Focus on General Gov't

Quasi Fiscal Activities by SOE's

Publication of Data for Public Sector

Losses on Asset and Liability Holdings not recognised

Unreported Flows

Recognise doubtful debts in Summary Aggregates

Bias in Macro economic forecasts

Macro Economic Shocks

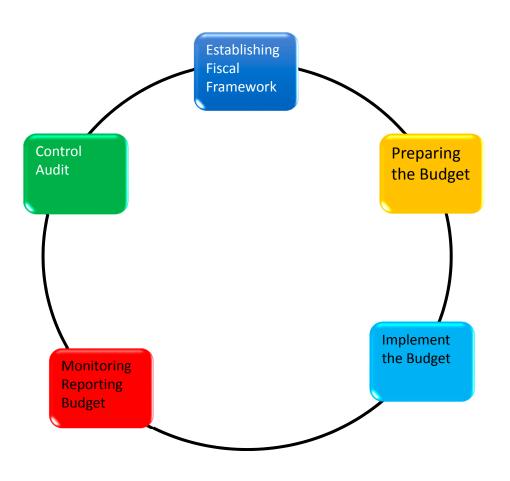
Alternative Macro Fiscal Scenarios

Non Recognition of Contingent Liabilities

Exposure to the Financial Sector

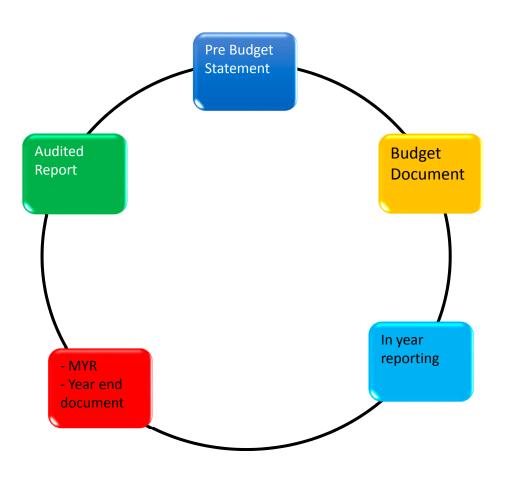
Recognising Quantifiable Contingent Liabilities

The budget cycle – Documenting the stages



(i) Accessible, (ii) timely, (iii) relevant, (iv) contextual, (v) reliable and (vi) easy to understand.

The budget cycle – Documenting the stages



In terms of publishing information Pacific countries are a lot stronger in publishing information around the preparation of the Budget.

International Budget Partnership

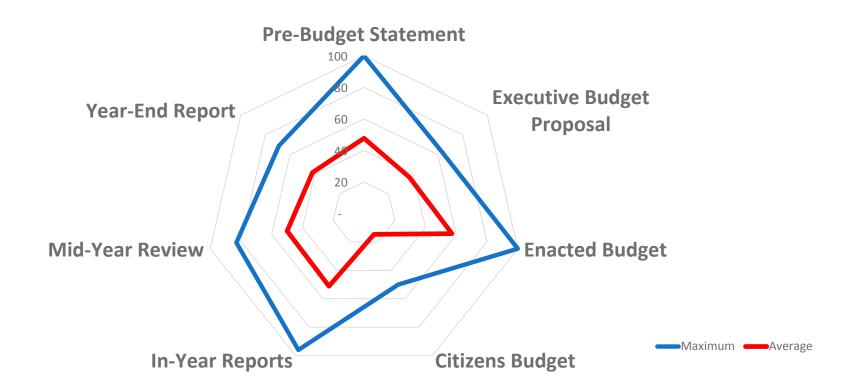
- The International Budget Partnership collaborates with civil society around the world to analyze and influence public budgets in order to reduce poverty and improve the quality of governance.
- Only Papua New Guinea, Timor-Leste and Fiji participated through NGO's assessment (a bit like Transparency International).
- Assessment is on all areas of the budget cycle not just the budget document

What can be found on Ministry Websites

- Green Best Practice
- Amber Issues of Timeliness mostly.
- Red Not Published.



How does it look across the Pacific



How does it Look?

			Mid Year		Executive		Year
		Annual	Economic	Pre Budget	Budget	Enacted	End
	In year Reporting	Report	Review	Statement	Proposal	Budget	Report
Cook Islands							
Federated States of Micronesia							
Fiji							
Kiribati							
Marshall Islands							
Nauru							
Niue							
Palau							
Papua New Guinea							
Samoa							
Solomon Islands			_				
Tokelau							
Tonga							
Vanuatu							
(Jan to Dec)							
Tuvalu							
Timor Leste							